

Findability in the Flow: Discovery through Linking

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Disclaimer

The following presentation expresses
opinions of my own and not of my
employer, my coworkers, etc.

A photograph of a grey cinder block wall with three rectangular openings. Three dogs are looking out from these openings. On the left, a light-colored dog's head is visible. In the middle, a dark-colored dog's head is visible. On the right, a black and tan dog's head is visible. The ground in front of the wall is dirt and gravel.

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in this session?



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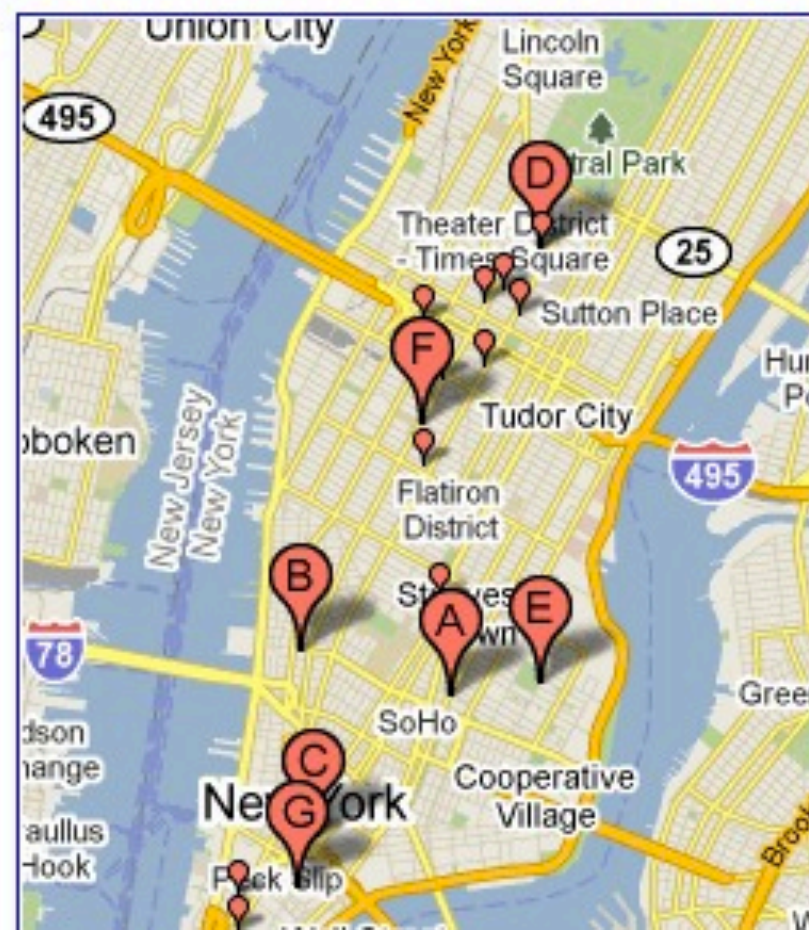
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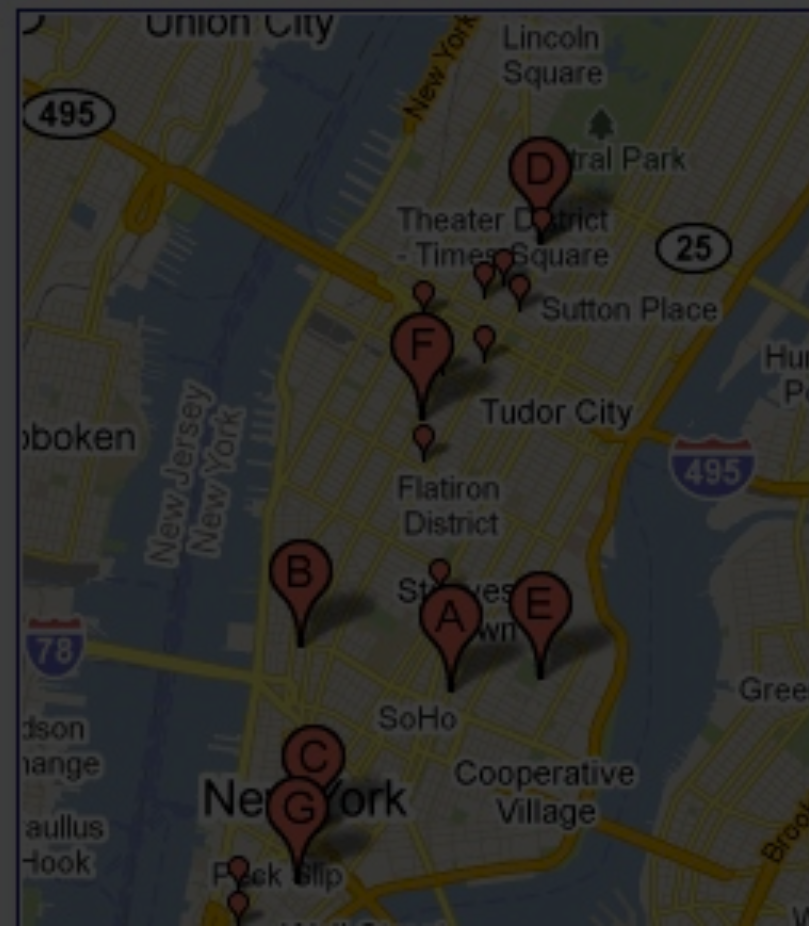
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This isn't the only goal



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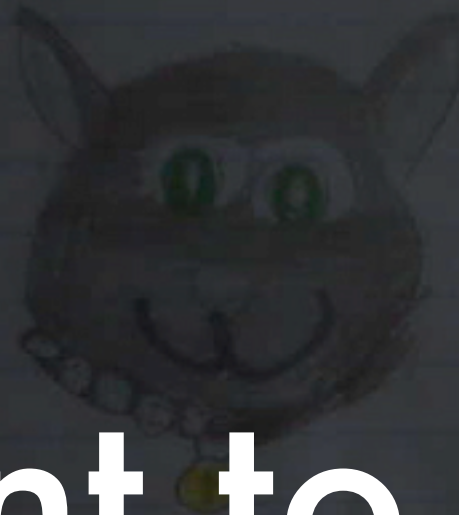
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Kitten FOUND



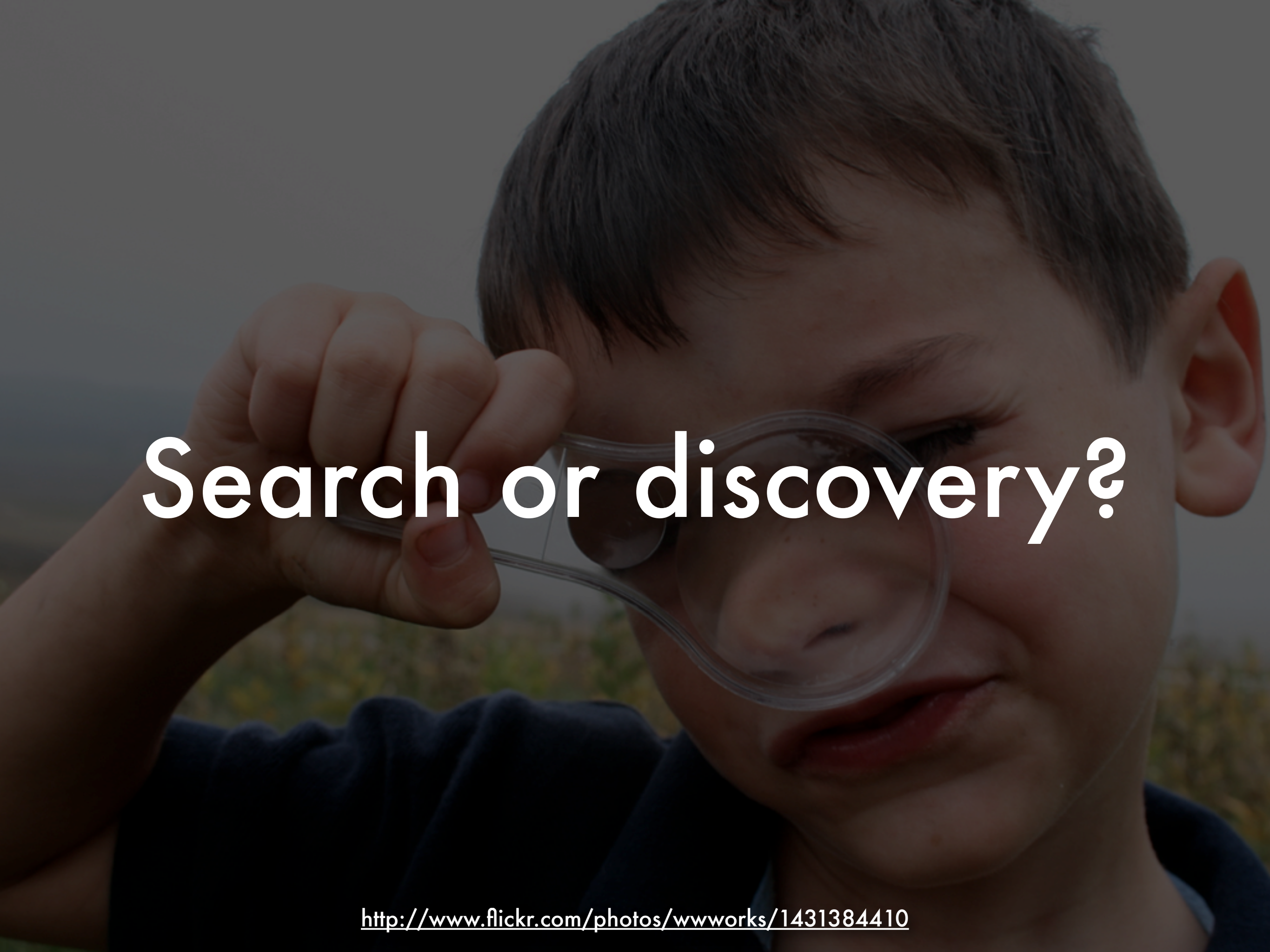
LOST & FOUND
KITTEN

nose: Gray
color: Gray
sex: Female
Has a diamond collar with a bell
in front.
Found at Highland City's lakeland
square mall by "Gator Dockside"

IF this is your cat
please call:

<http://www.flickr.com/photos/lakelandlocal2/3204038379>

You want to be found.



Search or discovery?

<http://www.flickr.com/photos/wwworks/1431384410>

Marchionini (1995)

Search

- Implies seeking a known object
- Seeker has specific characteristics in mind
- Characteristics are used to specify and guide search activity
- Analytical behavior

Discovery

- Implies exploration for underspecified or unknown objects
- General characteristics outline information space
- Info. space examined w/ perception/cognition
- Browsing behavior



Discovery happens elsewhere

Lorcan Dempsey

<http://orweblog.oclc.org/archives/001430.html>

<http://www.flickr.com/photos/nengard/4399134103/>

[illegible]

The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of numerous coins, likely US quarters and pennies, scattered across a dark blue, textured surface. The coins are in various orientations, some showing the obverse and others the reverse. The lighting is soft, highlighting the metallic sheen of the coins.

URLs are the currency of the web.

Lorcan Dempsey

<http://orweblog.oclc.org/archives/000984.html>

<http://www.flickr.com/photos/penguincakes/2930270559/>

A large, weathered wooden sign stands in a desert landscape. The sign is yellow with red lettering that reads "HERE IT IS" in a bold, blocky font. To the right of the text is a black silhouette of a bison. The sign is supported by wooden posts and is set against a clear blue sky. The ground is sandy with some sparse desert vegetation. A utility pole is visible on the left side of the frame.

Users exchange links
for information

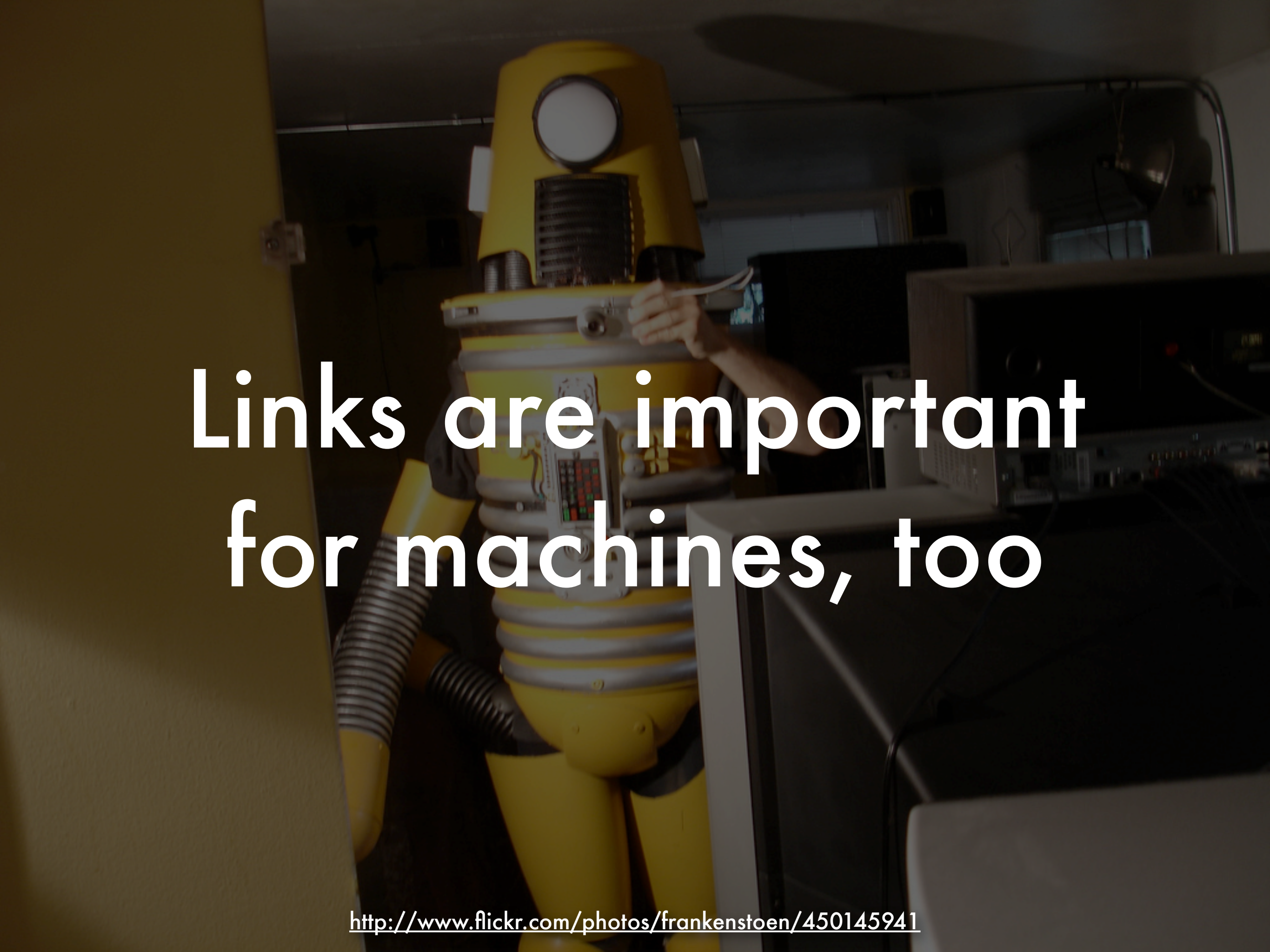
A close-up photograph of a thick, rusted metal chain. The links are heavily corroded, showing a mix of dark brown, orange, and grey tones. The lighting is dramatic, with some links in sharp focus and others blurred in the background.

Users exchange links
for influence

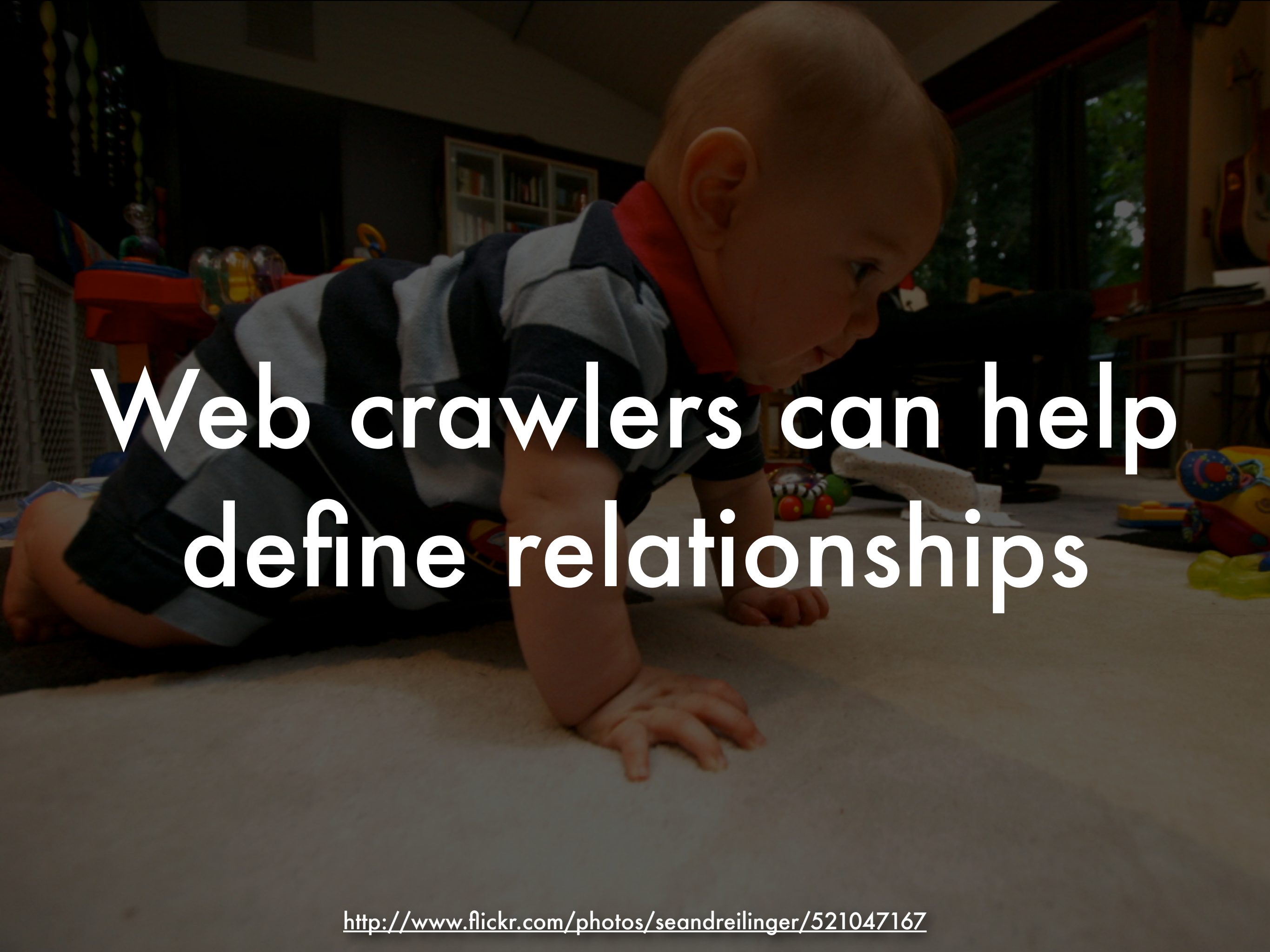
<http://www.flickr.com/photos/ravages/2831688538>

A photograph of two guinea pigs on a white surface. On the left, a dark brown guinea pig is eating a large, peeled carrot. On the right, a white guinea pig is also eating a piece of carrot. The background is a plain, light-colored surface. The text "Users exchange links for goodwill" is overlaid in the center in a large, white, sans-serif font.

Users exchange links for goodwill

A yellow robot with a circular head and a hand on its chest, standing in a room with computer monitors.

Links are important
for machines, too



Web crawlers can help
define relationships

A close-up of a human eye, looking directly at the viewer. The iris is a vibrant blue, and in the center, there is a clear reflection of the Earth, showing continents and oceans. The background is dark and out of focus, emphasizing the eye and the reflection. The text is overlaid on the eye, with the words "Web crawlers can help" on the top line and "give new insights" on the bottom line.

Web crawlers can help
give new insights



Web crawlers can help build reputation

<http://www.flickr.com/photos/infomatique/2855650499>



Look for backlinks
into your resources

<http://www.flickr.com/photos/snapeverything/2475894906/>



Follow your nose
to other resources

<http://www.flickr.com/photos/m-j-s/395927865>

Examples



Like

Social plugins

Home > Documentation > Social plugins > Like Button

Plugins

[Activity Feed](#)[Comments](#)[Friendpile](#)[Like Button](#)[Like Box](#)[Live Stream](#)[Login Button](#)[Recommendations](#)

Like Button

The Like button lets a user share your content with friends on Facebook. When the user clicks the Like button on your site, a story appears in the user's friends' News Feed with a link back to your website.

When your Web page represents a real-world entity, things like movies, sports teams, celebrities, and restaurants, use the [Open Graph protocol](#) to specify information about the entity. If you include Open Graph tags on your Web page, your page becomes equivalent to a Facebook page. This means when a user clicks a Like button on your page, a connection is made between your page and the user. Your page will appear in the "Likes and Interests" section of the user's profile, and you have the ability to publish updates to the user. Your page will show up in same places that Facebook pages show up around the site (e.g. search), and you can target ads to people who like your content.

There are two Like button implementations: XFBML and Iframe. The XFBML version is more versatile, but requires use of the JavaScript SDK. The XFBML dynamically re-sizes its height according to whether there are profile pictures to display, gives you the ability (through the Javascript library) to listen for like events so that you know in real time when a user clicks the Like button, and it always gives the user the ability to add an optional comment to the like. If users do add a comment, the story published back to Facebook is given more prominence.

To get started, just use the configurator below to get code to add to your site.

URL to Like (?)

Layout Style (?)

standard

Show Faces (?)



Like



35,150 people like this. Be the first of your friends.

A wooden gavel with a red label that says 'CAUTION' is positioned in the upper left. Below it, a piece of paper features a blue 'Like' button icon. The background is dark and out of focus.

You can “like” real things

<http://www.flickr.com/photos/denisdervisevic/4745520501/>

Open Graph protocol

Home > Documentation > Open Graph protocol

Introduction

The Open Graph protocol enables you to integrate your Web pages into the social graph. It is currently designed for Web pages representing profiles of real-world things — things like movies, sports teams, celebrities, and restaurants. Once your pages become objects in the graph, users can establish connections to your pages as they do with [Facebook Pages](#). Based on the structured data you provide via the Open Graph protocol, your pages show up richly across Facebook: in user profiles, within search results and in News Feed.



Getting Started

To turn your web pages into graph objects, you'll need to add Open Graph protocol `<meta>` tags and the [Like button](#) to your webpages.

The tags allow you to specify structured information about your web pages. The more information you provide, the more opportunities your web pages can be surfaced within Facebook today and in the future. Here's an example for a movie page:

```
<html xmlns:og="http://opengraphprotocol.org/schema/"
      xmlns:fb="http://www.facebook.com/2008/fbml">
<head>
  <title>The Rock (1996)</title>
  <meta property="og:title" content="The Rock" />
```



```
<html xmlns:og="http://opengraphprotocol.org/schema/"
      xmlns:fb="http://www.facebook.com/2008/fbml">
  <head>
    <title>The Rock (1996)</title>
    <meta property="og:title" content="The Rock" />
    <meta property="og:type" content="movie" />
    <meta property="og:url" content="http://www.imdb.com/title/tt0117500/" />
    <meta property="og:image" content="http://ia.media-imdb.com/rock.jpg" />
    <meta property="og:site_name" content="IMDb" />
    <meta property="fb:admins" content="USER_ID" />
    <meta property="og:description"
      content="A group of U.S. Marines, under command of
              a renegade general, take over Alcatraz and
              threaten San Francisco Bay with biological
              weapons." />
    ...
  </head>
  ...
</html>
```




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Yale University

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Coordinates:

"Yale" redirects here. For other uses, see [Yale \(disambiguation\)](#).

Yale University is a [private Ivy League university](#) located in [New Haven, Connecticut](#). Founded in 1701 in the [Colony of Connecticut](#), the university is the third-oldest institution of [higher education](#) in the United States. Yale has produced many [notable alumni](#), including five [U.S. presidents](#), seventeen [U.S. Supreme Court Justices](#), and several foreign [heads of state](#).

Incorporated as the *Collegiate School*, the institution traces its roots to 17th-century clergymen who sought to establish a college to train clergy and political leaders for the colony. In 1718, the College was renamed *Yale College* to honor a gift from [Elihu Yale](#), a governor of the [British East India Company](#). In 1861, the Graduate School of Arts and Sciences became the first U.S. school to award the Ph.D.^[8]

Yale College was transformed, beginning in the 1930s, through the establishment of [residential colleges](#): 12 now exist and two more are planned. Almost all tenured professors teach undergraduate courses, more than 2,000 of which are offered annually.^{[9][10]}

The University's assets include a US\$16.3 billion [endowment](#),^[11] the second largest of any academic institution, as well as the second largest academic library in the world, with some 12.5 million volumes held in more than two dozen libraries.^[12]

Yale and [Harvard](#) have been rivals in academics, athletics, and other activities for most of their history, competing annually in [The Game](#) and the [Harvard-Yale Regatta](#).

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 - 1.4.1 Sports and debate
 - 1.5 Expansion
 - 1.6 20th century
 - 1.6.1 Behavioral sciences

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Yale_University

Yale U



Motto	מִן הַיָּם וְעַד הַיָּם VITAE Lux
Motto in English	Lig
Established	170
Type	Priv
Endowment	US
President	Ric
Faculty	3,6
Students	11,
Undergraduates	5,2
Location	Ne

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External links

- Official website ↗
- Campus map from Yale University website ↗
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- ↑ Strom, Stephanie (1 June 2004). "\$75,000 a Recruit" ↗. Retrieved April 9, 2007.

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Talk:Treaty of Tripoli/Archive 1	7	2010-07-27 09:07:42
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Adam63	Jan. 20, 2007, 3:44 p.m.	111		
Ahmadi	Jan. 19, 2007, 5:56 p.m.	1802		
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Amorken	Jan. 15, 2007, 9:23 p.m.	6	✓	
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Antony-22	Nov. 8, 2006, 3:02 p.m.	2342	✓	reviewer
ArmyAnt	Feb. 5, 2007, 8:32 p.m.	41		
Arsonal	Jan. 18, 2006, 3:37 a.m.	8153	✓	autoreviewer reviewer rollbacker
Balcer	April 25, 2004, 2:16 a.m.	12675	✓	
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